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#### Description

This version supports Node-RED Projects.

Benefit from version control of your flows: History, Branches, Remotes, Clone, Pull, Push, ...

Node-RED Projects is a new way to manage your flow files to create a deployable Node-RED application. They are supported by a Git repository, which means that all files are fully version controlled and allow developers to use familiar workflows to collaborate with others.

Node-RED Projects is disabled by default.

After Node-RED Projects has been enabled, there is a new Projects menu item in the menu. You are then asked whether you want to use the feature when starting the Node-RED editor. Select "Not now" to work conventionally, but you can use Node-RED project functionality from the menu at any time.

#### Enabling/disabling Node-RED Projects

1. Create a new file named `projects_enabled` in the root directory of the Node-RED App data configuration with the content `true` or `false`.
2. Subsequently, restart the Node-RED app under: Settings->Apps->Node-RED->Restart

#### File storage

Projects are stored in the `projects` folder in the Node-RED app data configuration.

#### HTTPS Remotes

For connections to GitHub, a previously generated personal access token (profile settings, developer settings, personal access token (classic)) has to be used instead of the password.

#### SSH remotes

As mentioned in the official Node-RED application manual in the chapter „Clone a project repository“:

- For SSH URLs from GitHub, they have to be changed from `git@github.com:username/project` to `ssh://git@github.com/username/project`.
- The `known_hosts` file is located in the Node-RED app data configuration in the `/projects/.ssh` folder and can be edited there when prompted and used to check the host key of your connected SSH remote.

#### Important safety information

The SSH host check is set to „accept-new“ which can pose a security risk for man-in-the-middle attacks (MITM).

## Recommended safety measures

- Make sure that you always connect to a trusted SSH remote (e.g. github) and check the key of the connected SSH host (see file known\_hosts).
- Check whether the risk for the application is acceptable. If not, please use HTTPS remotes.

## SSH key

- Load existing SSH keys (PEM format) into the private area of the Node-RED Key Store or generate a new key (PEM format) under: ctrlX Login -> Settings -> Certificates & Keys -> Node-RED->Keys
- Open the Node-RED Editor and navigate to Git-config->SSH-Keys in the menu. When the dialog is opened for the first time, the existing keys in PEM format are copied to Node-RED Projects usable SSH keys and renamed (old keys are retained).
- Copy the public key to the clipboard and register it on the git control system used (e.g. github, bitbucket, etc.) under your account with access to the repository used as a known SSH key.
- Select this SSH key for your SSH remote connection (clone, pull, push, ...)
- Note: Copied SSH URLs from github have to be changed for the entry as SSH Remote from git@github... -> ssh://git@github...

## Further information on Node-RED Projects

Official documentation: [Projects : Node-RED \(nodered.org\)](#)

Short introduction (Youtube Video): [Introduction to Node-RED Projects](#)